

Annex G ARR Blockage Assessment Form

BLOCKAGE ASSESMENT FORM

STRUCTURE:





DEBRIS TYPE/MATERIAL/L₁₀/SOURCE AREA - There may be more than one material type to consider!

Debris Type/Material	L ₁₀	Source Area	How Assessed
Floating, non-floating,	1.5	Middle Harbour Southern	Aerial and TUFLOW
urhan		Catchments	result assessments

DEBRIS AVAILABILITY (HML) - for the selected debris type/size and its source area

Availability	Typical Source Area Characteristics	Notes
H igh	 Dense forest, thick vegetation, extensive canopy, difficult to walk through with considerable fallen limbs, leaves and high levels of floor litter. Streams with boulder/cobble beds and steep bed slopes and banks showing signs of substantial past bed/bank movements. Arid areas, where loose vegetation and exposed loose soils occur and vegetation is sparse. Urban areas that are not well maintained and/or old paling fences, sheds, cars and/or stored loose material etc., are present on the floodplain close to the water course. 	
M edium	 State forest areas with clear understory, grazing land with stands of trees Source areas generally falling between the High and Low categories. 	Catchment classified a having a medium debrearable area area area area area area area ar
Low	 Well maintained rural lands and paddocks, with minimal outbuildings Streams with moderate to flat slopes and stable beds and banks. Arid areas where vegetation is deep rooted and soils resistant to scour Urban areas that are well maintained with limited debris present in the source area. 	avanabinty

DEBRIS MOBILITY (HML) - for the selected debris type/size and its source area

Mobility	Typical Source Area Characteristics	Notes	
H igh	 Steep source area with fast response times and high annual rainfall and/or storm intensities and/or source areas subject to high rainfall intensities with sparse vegetation cover. Receiving streams that frequently overtop their banks. Main debris source areas close to streams 	Catchment area has be steep source area and annual rainfall - high de mobility	higl
Medium	Source areas generally falling between the High and Low categories.		
Low	 Low rainfall intensities and large, flat source areas. Receiving streams that Infrequently overtop their banks. Main source areas well away from streams 		

DEBRIS TRANSPORTABILITY (HML) - for the selected debris type/size and stream characteristics

Transportability	Typical Transporting Stream Characteristics	Notes
Hig	h ability in general set of set of the set o	Catchment has steep bed slopes and high stream velocity - high debris transportability
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SITE BASED DEBRIS POTENTIAL 1%AEP (HML) - for the selected debris type/size arriving at the site

Debris Potential	Combinations of the Above (any order)	Notes
DP _{High}	HHH or HHM	ННМ
DP _{Medium}	MMM or HML or HMM or HLL	
DP _{Low}	LLL or MML or MLL	Eg. MML, therefore DP _{Low} selected

AEP ADJUSTED SITE DEBRIS POTENTIAL (HML) - for the selected debris type/size

Event AEP	At Site 1% AEP Debris Potential			AEP Adjusted At Site	
	DP High	DP _{Medium} DP _{Low}		Debris potential	
AEP > 5% (frequent)	M edium	Low	Low	Eg. Low	
AEP 5% - AEP 0.5%	H igh	Medium	Low	Eg. Low	
AEP < 0.5% (rare)	H igh	H igh	M edium	Eg. Medium	

Debris Blockage

MOST LIKELY DESIGN INLET BLOCKAGE LEVEL (BDES%) for the selected debris type/size

Control Dimension	At-Site Debris Potential (Generally)			
Inlet Width W (m)	H igh	M edium	Low	
W < L ₁₀	100%	50%	25%	
W ≥ L ₁₀ ≤ 3*L ₁₀	20%	10%	0%	
W> 3*L ₁₀	10%	0%	0%	

Event AEP	Bdes %
AEP > 5% (frequent)	Eg. Low – 0%
AEP 5% - AEP 0.5%	Eg. Low – 0%
AEP < 0.5% (rare)	Eg. Medium – 10%

Refer Guideline if opening H<0.33W





Barrel Blockage

The following tables are only relevant to sites subject to a significant debris load of sediment. Where inlet blockage and barrel blockage are both likely, the blockage producing the greatest impact on flood behaviour should be used in design.

LIKELIHOOD OF SEDIMENT BEING DEPOSITED IN THE BARREL OR WATERWAY (HML)

Peak Velocity	Mean Sediment Size Present				
Through Structure (m/sec)	Clay/Silt 0.001 to 0.04 mm	Sand 0.04 to 2 mm	Gravel 2 to 63 mm	Cobbles 63 to 200 mm	Boulders >200 mm
>= 3	L	L	L	L	M
1.0 to < 3.0	L	L	L	М	M
0.5 to < 1.0	L	L	L	М	Н
0.1 to < 0.5	L	L	М	Н	Н
< 0.1	L	М	Н	Н	Н

Likelihood of Sediment: Eg. Medium

MOST LIKELY DESIGN BARREL BLOCKAGE (Bdes%) for sediment of a particular mean size is then;

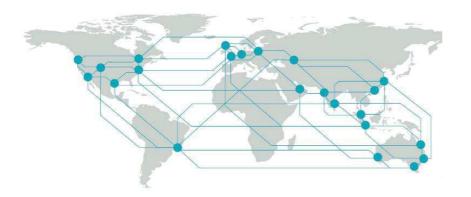
Likelihood That	AEP Adjusted Sediment Potential			
Deposition Occurs	H igh	M edium	Low	
H igh	100%	60%	25%	
M edium	60%	40%	15%	
Low	25%	15%	0%	

Event AEP	Bdes %
AEP > 5% (frequent)	Eg. Low – 15%
AEP 5% - AEP 0.5%	Eg. Low – 15%
AEP < 0.5% (rare)	Eg. Medium – 40%

For modelling blockage mechanism (type, location and timing), refer to Guideline Table 8



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